

THREAT
INTELLIGENCE
REPORT
FEBRUARY 2026



Indicators by Type of Activity

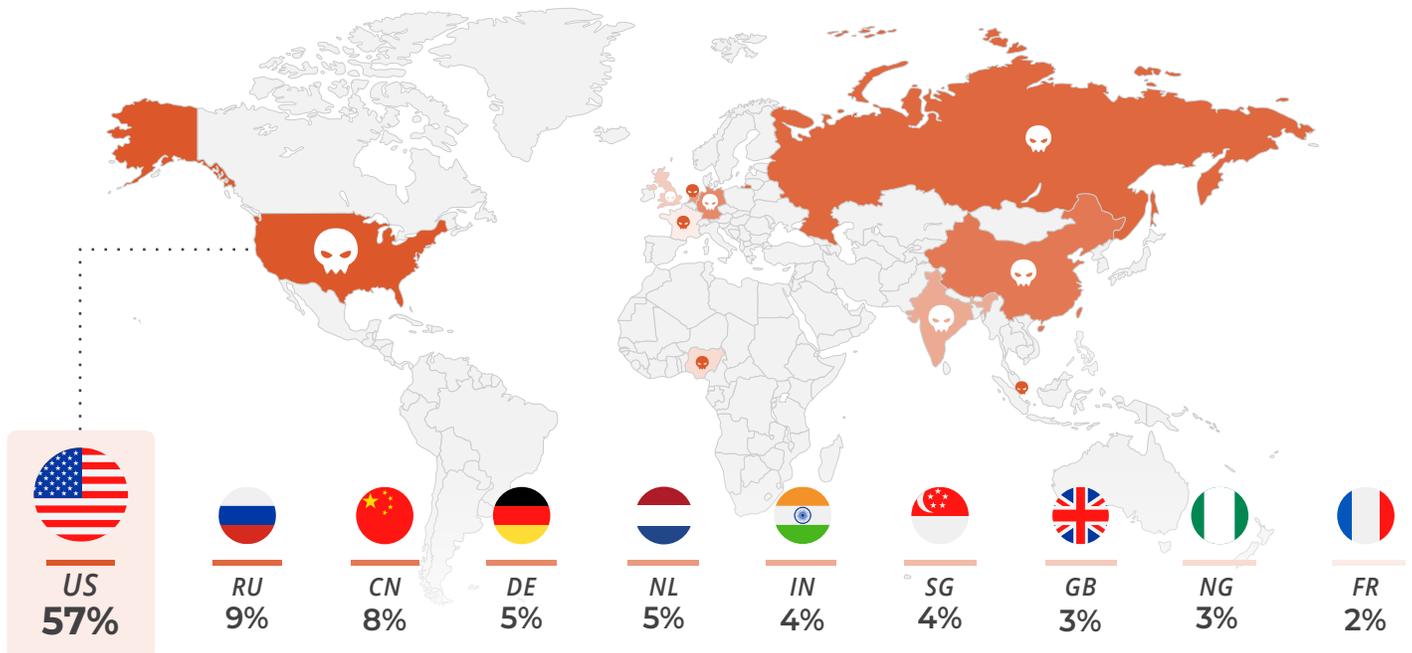
19% Bot

Behaviors are identified through Indicators of Compromise (IoCs), which classify threats according to their nature.



Indicators by Country

Visual representation of the geographic concentration of detected malicious activity, which enables the analysis and prioritization of threats based on their origin.



Most active Malware Families

Threat landscape analysis that enables the identification of the most active malware families—an essential step for defining defensive measures and effectively adjusting cybersecurity strategies.



ID: S0154

Type: Malware

Platforms: Windows,
Linux, macOS

Version: 1.13

Cobalt Strike **86.0%**

Is a commercial, full-featured, remote access tool that bills itself as adversary simulation software designed to execute targeted attacks and emulate the post-exploitation actions of advanced threat actors.

Groups That Use This Software

G0129 - Mustang Panda / G0027 - Threat Group-3390 / G0050 - APT32 / G1022 - ToddyCat / G0073 - APT19 / G0037 - FIN6 / G0092 - TA505

ID: S0650

Type: Malware

Platforms: Windows

Version: 1.3

QakBot **48.2%**

Is a modular banking trojan that has been used primarily by financially-motivated actors since at least 2007.

Groups That Use This Software

G0127 / G1037 / G1046

ID: S1087

Type: Tool

Platforms: Windows

Version: 1.0

AsyncRAT **11.4%**

AsyncRAT is an open-source remote access tool originally available through the NYANxCAT Github repository that has been used in malicious campaigns.

Groups That Use This Software

G1018

ID: S0367

Type: Malware

Platforms: Windows

Version: 1.7

Emotet **9.7%**

Emotet is a modular malware variant which is primarily used as a downloader for other malware variants such as TrickBot and IcedID.

Groups That Use This Software

G0102

ID: S0332**Type:** Tool**Platforms:** Windows**Version:** 1.3**Remcos** 7.9%

Is a commercial Trojan that is used to steal information from compromised hosts.

Groups That Use This Software

G0092 - TA505

ID: S0385**Type:** Malware**Platforms:** Windows**Version:** 1.6**njRAT** 7.3%

Is a remote access tool (RAT) that was first observed in 2012. It has been used by threat actors in the Middle East.

Groups That Use This Software

G0134 - G0043 - G0143 - G0096 - G0140 - G0078 - G1018

ID: S0032**Type:** Malware**Platforms:** Windows,
macOS**Version:** 3.3**gh0st RAT** 6.1%

gh0st RAT is a remote access tool (RAT). The source code is public and it has been used by multiple groups.

Groups That Use This Software

G0062 - G0096 - G0011 - G0001 - G0027 - G0094 - G0065 - G0026 - G0126 - G0138 - G1023

ID: S1207**Type:** Malware**Platforms:** Windows**Version:** 1.0**XLoader** 4.7%

Is an infostealer malware in use since at least 2016. Previously known and sometimes still referred to as Formbook, XLoader is a Malware as a Service (MaaS) known for stealing data from web browsers, email clients and File Transfer Protocol (FTP) applications.

ID: S0331**Type:** Malware**Platforms:** Windows**Version:** 1.3**Agent Tesla** 4.5%

Agent Tesla is a spyware Trojan written for the .NET framework that has been observed since at least 2014.

Groups That Use This Software

G0083 - G1018

ID: S1213**Type:** Malware**Platforms:** Windows**Version:** 1.0**Lumma Stealer** 4.3%

Lumma Stealer is an information stealer malware family in use since at least 2022. Lumma Stealer is a Malware as a Service (MaaS) where captured data has been sold in criminal markets to Initial Access Brokers.