

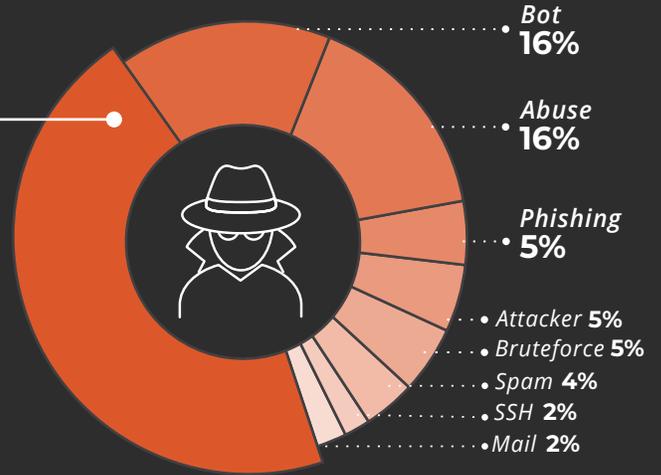
REPORT JULY 2025

maltiverse
by LOMU

Indicators by Type of Activity

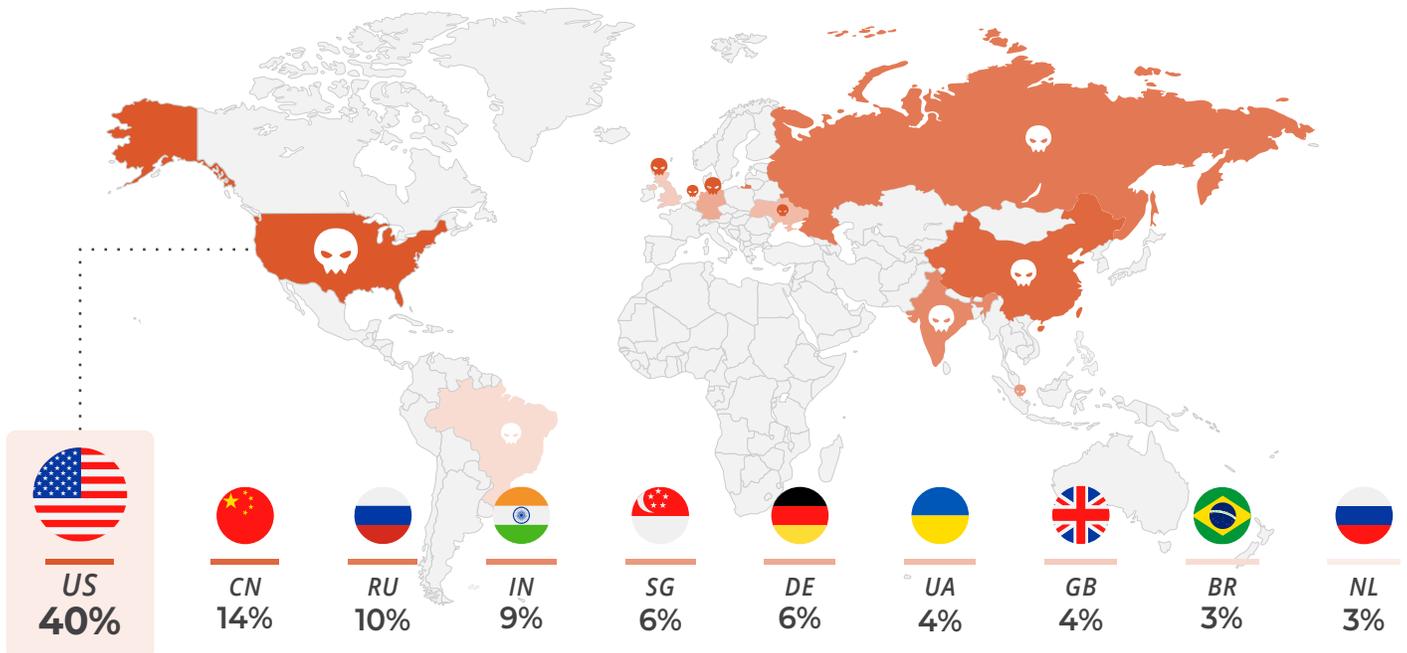
46% Anonymization

Behaviors identified through Indicators of Compromise (IoCs), which allow threats to be classified according to their nature.



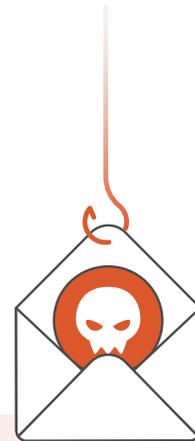
Indicators by Country

Visual representation of the geographic concentration of detected malicious activity, which enables the analysis and prioritization of threats based on their origin.



Most active Malware Families

Threat landscape analysis that enables the identification of the most active malware families—an essential step for defining defensive measures and effectively adjusting cybersecurity strategies.



ID: T1566

Type: Malware
Platforms: Google Workspace, Linux, Office 365, SaaS, Windows, macOS
Version: 2.5

Phishing 86%

Adversaries may send phishing messages to gain access to victim systems. All forms of phishing are electronically delivered social engineering.

Procedure Examples

G0001 - Axiom / G0115 - GOLD SOUTHFIELD / S0009 - Hikit / S1073 - Royal

ID: S0650

Type: Malware
Platforms: Windows
Version: 1.2

QakBot 5%

Is a modular banking trojan that has been used primarily by financially-motivated actors since at least 2007.

Groups That Use This Software

G0127 - TA551

ID: S0453

Type: Malware
Platforms: Windows
Version: 1.0

Pony 3%

Is a credential stealing malware, though it has also been used among adversaries for its downloader capabilities. The source code for Pony Loader 1.0 and 2.0 were leaked online, leading to their use by various threat actors.

ID: S0447

Type: Malware
Platforms: Windows
Version: 2.0

Lokibot 2%

Is a widely distributed information stealer that was first reported in 2015.

Groups That Use This Software

G0083

ID: S0154

Type: *Malware*

Platforms: *Windows, Linux, macOS*

Version: *1.12*

Cobalt Strike 2%

Is a commercial, full-featured, remote access tool that bills itself as "adversary simulation software designed to execute targeted attacks and emulate the post-exploitation actions of advanced threat actors should say software.

Groups That Use This Software

G0129 - Mustang Panda / G0027 - Threat Group-3390 / G0050 - APT32 / G1022-G0073 - APT19 / G0037 - FIN6 / G0092 - TA505

ID: S0344

Type: *Malware*

Platforms: *Windows*

Version: *1.3*

Azorult 1%

Is a commercial Trojan that is used to steal information from compromised hosts.

Groups That Use This Software

G0092 - TA505

ID: S1087

Type: *Malware*

Platforms: *Windows*

Version: *1.0*

DarkGate 1%

DarkGate first emerged in 2018 and has evolved into an initial access and data gathering tool associated with various criminal cyber operations.

ID: S0385

Type: *Malware*

Platforms: *Windows*

Version: *1.6*

njRAT 1%

Is a remote access tool (RAT) that was first observed in 2012. It has been used by threat actors in the Middle East.

Groups That Use This Software

G0134 - G0043 - G0143 - G0096 - G0140 - G0078 - G1018

ID: S0332

Type: *Tool*

Platforms: *Windows*

Version: *1.3*

Remcos 1%

Is a closed-source tool that is marketed as a remote control and surveillance software by a company called Breaking Security.

Groups That Use This Software

G0140 - G0078